Block: Seat:

Integration by Parts (Ultra-Violet VooDoo)

This is way to integrate a product of unrelated functions:

$$\int f(x) \cdot g(x) \ dx$$

Think of f(x) as the *u* function, and the g(x) as dv, the derivative of the function *v*. Then we have:

$$\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du$$

To remember the right side, we recall the uv by thinking "ultraviolet" and the $v\ du$ as "Voodu."

Proof: We start with the product rule to derive $f(x) \cdot g(x)$ or $f \cdot g$:

$$(f \cdot g)' = fg' + gf'$$

Then integrate both sides:

$$\int (f \cdot g)' \, dx = \int fg' dx + \int gf' dx$$
$$f \cdot g = \int fg' dx + \int gf' dx$$

Subtract to solve for our result:

$$f \cdot g - \int g f' dx = \int f g' dx$$

or

$$\int fg' dx = f \cdot g - \int gf' dx$$
$$\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du$$

or

Example: $\int 3x^2 \ln x \, dx$. First let u be the $\ln x$ function, so that $\frac{1}{x}$ is du, its derivative. Next let $3x^2$ be the dv (the derivative of v) so that x^3 is the v function. We apply our rule:

$$\int 3x^2 \ln x \, dx = \ln x \cdot x^3 - \int x^3 \cdot \frac{1}{x} \, dx$$
$$x^3 \ln x - \int x^2 \, dx$$
$$x^3 \ln x - \frac{x^3}{3} + C$$

St. Francis High School

September 17, 2021