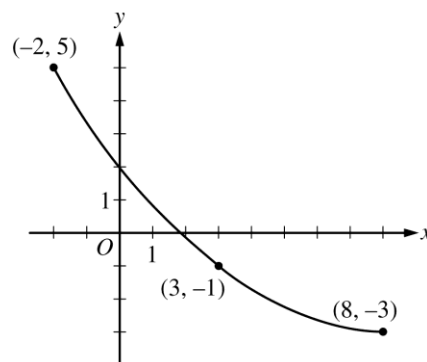


CALCULUS AB  
WORKSHEET ON MEAN VALUE THEOREM

Work the following on **notebook paper**.

1. Let  $f$  be the function given by  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x - 16$ . For what value of  $x$  in the closed interval  $[0, 5]$  does the instantaneous rate of change of  $f$  equal the average rate of change of  $f$  over that interval?

2. A portion of the graph of a differentiable function  $f$  is shown to the right. If the value  $c = 3$  satisfies the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem applied to  $f$  on the open interval  $-2 < x < 8$ , what is the slope of the line tangent to the graph of  $f$  at  $x = 3$ ?



Graph of  $f$

3. (Mult. Choice) The function  $g$  is continuous on the closed interval  $[1, 4]$  with  $g(1) = 5$  and  $g(4) = 8$ . Of the following conditions, which would guarantee that there is a number  $c$  in the open interval  $(1, 4)$  where  $g'(c) = 1$

- (A)  $g$  is increasing on the closed interval  $[1, 4]$ .
- (B)  $g$  is differentiable on the open interval  $(1, 4)$ .
- (C)  $g$  has a maximum value on the closed interval  $[1, 4]$ .
- (D) The graph of  $g$  has at least one horizontal tangent in the open interval  $(1, 4)$ .

4. Let  $f$  be the function given by  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$ . What are all values of  $c$  that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem on the closed interval  $[0, 3]$ ?

$x$	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0
$g(x)$	10	5	2	3	1	0
$g'(x)$	-3	-1	4	1	-2	-3

5. Let  $g$  be a differentiable function. The table above gives values of  $g$  and its derivative  $g'$  at selected values of  $x$ . Is there a number  $c$  in the closed interval  $[-5, -3]$  such that  $g'(c) = -4$ ? Justify your answer.

$t$ (years)	2	3	5	7	10
$H(t)$ (meters)	1.5	2	6	11	15

6. The height of a tree at time  $t$  is given by a twice-differentiable function  $H$ , where  $H(t)$  is measured in meters and  $t$  is measured in years. Explain why there must be at least one time  $t$ , for  $2 < t < 10$ , such that  $H'(t) = 2$ .

7. Given  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - x^2 - 3x + 2$ .  $f'(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

8. Use your calculator to graph  $f(x)$  and  $f'(x)$  in the following window:

$x: [-7.9, 7.9]$ ,  $y: [-10, 10]$ . Sketch below.

9. The relative maximum and minimum values of  $f(x)$  occur at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

10.  $f'(x) = 0$  or  $f'(x)$  is undefined at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

11.  $f(x)$  is increasing on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

12.  $f'(x)$  is positive on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

13.  $f(x)$  is decreasing on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

14.  $f'(x)$  is negative on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

15. Given  $f(x) = (x-1)^{2/3}$ .  $f'(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

16. Use your calculator to graph  $f(x)$  and  $f'(x)$  in the following window:

$x: [-1.975, 1.975]$ ,  $y: [-2, 2]$ . Sketch below.

17. The relative maximum and minimum values of  $f(x)$  occur at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

18.  $f'(x) = 0$  or  $f'(x)$  is undefined at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

19.  $f(x)$  is increasing on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

20.  $f'(x)$  is positive on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

21.  $f(x)$  is decreasing on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

22.  $f'(x)$  is negative on what interval(s)? \_\_\_\_\_

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Use your answers to problems 7 – 22 to complete the following statements:

23. The relative maximum and minimum values of  $f$  occurred when

\_\_\_\_\_

24. The function  $f$  is increasing when \_\_\_\_\_

25. The function  $f$  is decreasing when \_\_\_\_\_

