## Area of a Region Between Two Curves




1. (a) Finally in our last chapter, we extend $\qquad$ integrals from the area $\qquad$
a curve to the area $\qquad$ two or more curves.
(b) Sometimes we want $\qquad$ slices, and sometimes $\qquad$ , and sometimes either approach will work.
(c) We often will need to find points of $\qquad$ for the upper and lower bounds of our integral, and sometimes we have to divide the area in $\qquad$ and add together two or more integrals to find the $\qquad$ .
2. Find the area between $y=6-x^{2}$ and $y=x^{2}-2 x+2$
3. Find the area between $x=y^{2}-6 y$ and $x=3 y-y^{2}$
4. Find the area between $y=3-x^{2}$ and $y=1-x$
5. Find the area between $x=5-y^{2}$ and $x=y-1$
6. This could be solved a couple of ways: a single integral with horizontal slices, or the sum of two pieces using vertical slices: Find the area between $y=\ln x$ and $y=5-x$. (Calculator Active)
7. Find the area between $y=\sqrt{x}$ and $y=6-x$. (Calculator NOT Active)
8. Here is region Where top and bottom switch: Find the area between $f(x)=1+x+e^{x^{2}-2 x}$ and $g(x)=x^{4}-6.5 x^{2}+6 x+2$. (Calculator Active)
9. Here is region defined by 3 curves: Find the area between $y=2^{x}, y=\frac{1}{x}$ and $y=4^{x}$. (Calculator Active)
