1. What augmented matrix would you use to solve for $x, y$ and $z$ ?

$$
\begin{aligned}
2 x-3 y-z & =-7 \\
-x+2 y+z & =6 \\
9 x-4 y+4 z & =5
\end{aligned}
$$

2. You have 3 containers of different concentrations of $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ (nitric acid). One has $10 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$, the second has $20 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ and the third has $40 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$. How much of each do you need to make 100 leters of $25 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ ? (There is an infinite number of possibilities, but the $40 \%$ is the most expensive, so try to find the cheapest way). (Hint: $.10 x+.20 y+.40 z=$ .25(100), and $x, y \& z$ must be positive)
3. Find the reduced row echelon form of the matrix by following the suggested steps:

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c}
1 & -3 & -5 & -8 \\
2 & -5 & -4 & -8 \\
-3 & 5 & 4 & 5
\end{array}\right]
$$

(a) $R_{2}=-2 r_{1}+r_{2}$
(b) $R_{3}=3 r_{1}+r_{3}$
(c) $R_{3}=4 r_{2}+r_{3}$
(d) $R_{3}=\frac{1}{13} r_{3}$
(e) $R_{1}=3 r_{2}+r_{1}$
(f) $R_{1}=-13 r_{3}+r_{1}$
(g) $R_{2}=-6 r_{3}+r_{2}$
4. Find the reduced row echelon form of the matrix by following the suggested steps:

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c}
1 & -3 & 4 & -4 \\
2 & -5 & 6 & -7 \\
-3 & 3 & 4 & 18
\end{array}\right]
$$

(a) $R_{2}=-2 r_{1}+r_{2}$
(b) $R_{3}=3 r_{1}+r_{3}$
(c) $R_{3}=6 r_{2}+r_{3}$
(d) $R_{3}=\frac{1}{4} r_{3}$
(e) $R_{2}=2 r_{3}+r_{2}$
(f) $R_{1}=3 r_{2}+r_{1}$
$(g) R_{1}=-4 r_{3}+r$
5. Find the reduced row echelon form of the matrix by following the suggested steps:

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c}
1 & -1 & 1 & 8 \\
2 & 3 & -1 & -2 \\
3 & -2 & -9 & 9
\end{array}\right]
$$

(a) $R_{2}=-2 r_{1}+r_{2}$
(b) $R_{3}=-3 r_{1}+r_{3}$
(c) swap $2 \& 3$
(d) $R_{3}=-5 r_{2}+r_{3}$
(e) $R_{3}=\frac{1}{57} r_{3}$

